ALCOHOLIC

HIGHLY CONCENTRATED

ETABLE EXTRACT

A PURE TONIC.

R. HOOFLAND'S

MAN BITTERS

PREPARED BY

DR. C. M. JACKSON,

LADELPHIA, PENN

WILL EFFECTUALLY CURE

COMPLAINT,

DYSPEPSIA,

JAUNDI

or Nervous Debility, Dizzi

e Kidneys, and all diseases

rising from a disordered

Liver or Stomach

such as

Constipation, Inward

Piles, Fullness or Blood

to the Head, Acidity of the

Stomach, Nausea, Heartburn, Dis-

gust for Food, Fulness or Weight in the

Stomach, Sour Eructations, Sinking or

Fluttering at the Pit of the Stomach, Swim-

ming of the Head, Hurried and Difficult Breathing,

Fluttering at the Heart, Choking or Suffocating Sensations when in a lying posture, Dimness of Vision, Dots or Webs before the Sight, Fever and Dull Pain in the Head, Deficiency of Perspiration, Yellowness of the Skin and Eyes, Pain in the Side, Back, Chest, Limbs, &c., Sudden Flushes of Heat, Burning in the Flesh, Constant Imaginings of Evil, and great Depression of Spirits.

The proprietor now offers to the afflicted and the public a medicine which can be relied on as containing all the virtues necessary to eradicate from the system every taint of disease, and which will positively prevent Yellow Fever, Bilious Fever, &c.

THEY CONTAIN

NEITHER ALCOHOL OR BAD WHISKEY,

but are the most pleasant and innocent preparation ever offered to the afflicted, containing no poisonous drug or mineral whatever, but are purely vegetable, and may be taken by the most delicate female or infant with perfect safety.

HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS

are a combination of the choicest remedial virtues of roots found in our German forests, and are entirely free from the use of Rum, Whiskey, or any other intoxicating liquor. In them will be found the great alterative principle, the curative power of which in the cure of Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Nervous Debility, Chronic or Inflammatory Rheumatism, Diseases of the Kidneys, and all diseases arising from a disordered Liver or Stomach, such as Constipation, Inward Piles, Fullness of Blood to the Head, Acidity of the Stomach, Nausea, Heartburn, Disgust for Food, Fulness or Weight in the Stomach, Sour Eructations, Sinking or Fluttering at the Pit of the Stomach, Swimming of the Head, Hurried and Difficult Breathing, Fluttering at the Heart, Choking or Suffocating Sensations when in a lying posture, Dimness of Vision, Dots or Webs before the Sight, Fever and Dull Pain in the Head, Deficiency of Perspiration, Yellowness of the Skin and Eyes, Pain in the Side, Back, Chest, Limbs, &c., Sudden Flushes of Heat, Burning in the Flesh, Constant Imaginings of Evil, and great Depression of Spirits.

Hoofland's German Bitters

have undergone a thorough and careful examination by the Academy of Medicine of Philadelphia, and a certificate is published in pamphlet form, which can be had of any Druggist, certifying that they contain no alcohol, but are composed entirely of the best medicinal roots in the country, and that as a tonic there is no preparation equal to them.

Hoofland's German Bitters

have been used in private practice for more than fifteen years, and have never been offered to the public as a beverage, but entirely as a medicine, and for the cure of the diseases named in this circular. Many certificates have been received by the proprietor, but he deems it unnecessary to publish them, as he is willing that the article should stand entirely upon its own merits. He will, however, give one hundred dollars for a certificate published by him which is not genuine, or which was given for any article but this.

CLERGYMEN,

LAWYERS,

PHYSICIANS

and

CITIZENS

have certified to the wonderful effects of these Bitters from their own personal knowledge, and the medical virtues of the roots from which they are compounded are known throughout the world.

Do you want something to strengthen you?

Do you want a good appetite?

Do you want to build up your constitution?

Do you want to feel well?

Do you want to get rid of nervousness?

Do you want energy?

Do you want to sleep well?

Do you want a brisk and vigorous system?

Then use HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS.

Observe the following symptoms resulting from Diseases of the Digestive Organs:

Loss of Appetite, Bowels Costive, Pain in the Head, Dizziness, Nausea, Heartburn, Disgust for Food, Fullness or Weight in the Stomach, Sour Eructations, Sinking or Fluttering at the Pit of the Stomach, Swimming of the Head, Hurried and Difficult Breathing, Fluttering at the Heart, Choking or Suffocating Sensations when in a lying posture, Dimness of Vision, Dots or Webs before the Sight, Fever and Dull Pain in the Head, Deficiency of Perspiration, Yellowness of the Skin and Eyes, Pain in the Side, Back, Chest, Limbs, &c., Sudden Flushes of Heat, Burning in the Flesh, Constant Imaginings of Evil, and great Depression of Spirits.

Hoofland's German Bitters

will effectually cure any of the above diseases arising from a disordered Liver or Stomach.

Observe the following symptoms resulting from Diseases of the Digestive Organs:

Constipation, Inward Piles, Fullness of Blood to the Head, Acidity of the Stomach

The Daily Oregonian.

MONDAY MORNING, AUG. 31, 1863.

No Flag but the Old Flag—the Red, White and Blue,
With the stars of a Union unbroken and true!
Arise and defend it! Ye sons of the brave,
Whose blood bought the banner your valor must save

By Telegraph.

The progress of the siege at Charleston, even according to rebel reports, is highly favorable—the demand for surrender, and the threat of shelling the city of sin—the national Sodom—seems to have provoked the grievous wrath of Beauregard, who evidently thinks it very impertinent and insolent for Yankees to be throwing shot and shell within the sacred flowery borders of South Carolina. We hope he has become accustomed to it by this time, and even been compelled to follow the example of Pemberton and Gardner.

The cruel slaughter of the people of Lawrence is a double crime—infamous on the part of the vile murderers, and disgracefully imbecile on the part of those whose duty it was to hinder the possibility of such a terrible massacre.

The most important thing in the dispatches, however, is the confession now made by rebel organs in Richmond, that it is impossible to resist the power of the Government unless aided by foreign intervention, or by what is called Democratic sympathy at the North. The South is ready to trade with France, to whom it can give an equivalent for its support, or it begs succor from villains like Vallandigham, Fernando Wood, and their supporters, to whom it can promise nothing but "assurances of distinguished consideration," and by sympathy in their efforts to weaken the strength of the Government. How are the mighty fallen! There is no more boasting of Southern chivalry,—no more threats of calling rolls of slaves under the shadow of Bunker Hill Monument! It is only the cry of despair—"help us or we sink"—all hope of relief from England is abandoned—it is only France and Confederates in the North who can be safely appealed to, and whatever the first may do, we think the last received their death blow when the riots in New York and Boston were quelled.

Dried Fruit.

The Californian papers are urging upon the people of that State, the wisdom of drying fruit for market, at the present prices, which profuse abundance makes so low. It is stated that thousands of baskets of peaches, plums, pears, apricots, etc., are allowed to perish for want of purchasers, even at a price to cover the expense of marketing, let alone paying for the fruit. For instance, plums of choice Greengage and other varieties cannot be sold in large quantities at even 1@2c per pound, yet if the growers would cut them open, drop out the stone and dry the fruit, it would with in six months sell for 15@20c per pound, and perhaps more. It is astonishing to see the waste of good fruit in California, and in a community where there are so many idle men anxious to work. Even in San Francisco, were parties of small means to buy a hundred or more baskets of plums, for fifty or seventy-five cents each, and dry them, they would surely reap a rich reward for their labor. Few have any conception of the amount of dried fruit consumed in this country, the great bulk of which comes from New York or Boston. This year there would be an abundance, if there was proper economy and care to save it from perishing. Tons of fruit and vegetables are absolutely thrown away every day upon the wharves and from the markets, all of which are valuable, and were any thought given to the subject by men who are less honorably employed, and who are living upon charity, or otherwise eking out a miserable livelihood, it would not be so. Large quantities of dried apples and peaches have been brought across the Isthmus this year, at an expense of five cents per pound, and even now there are at least one hundred packages of peaches due on the next steamer. Jobbers say they are good property even at the high freight. For weeks past, the receipt of peaches in San Francisco, has averaged 1000 baskets a day, selling at two to four cents a pound. Is it not time for fruit growers to learn wisdom? What is true in California is equally true—even more so—in Oregon. Our farmers can, if disposed, increase the wealth of the State hundreds of thousands of dollars, and though the profit to individuals may seem trifling, is not the experiment worth making? Almost every vessel brings dried fruit here, which was put up in the East, and was paid a profit to the producer, the shipper and the dealer, while our farmers allow fruit just as good to go to decay in their orchards. Is not this very foolish policy, and sure to lend to weakness and prostration?

AGRICULTURAL FAIR.—We learn from the *Democrat* that the sixth annual fair of the Linn County Agricultural Society will be held at Boston, on Wednesday and Thursday next.

SERVED HIM RIGHT.—General Carey in a speech made to the Indiana soldiers the other day, told of a neighbor of his, who, when Morgan's troops were passing, hurrahed for Vallandigham! He was approached by one of the rebels, who said to him: "You are one of the Southern sympathizers, ain't you?" "I am a Vallandigham man—a peace man." "Well, that's what I mean. Have you any horses?" Yes, he had. "Well, we want our friends to help us now, so we will take your horses;" and they did take them.

By Overland Telegraph.

SPECIAL DISPATCHES TO THE DAILY OREGONIAN

LATER FROM THE EAST.

Dates to August 25th.

Particulars of the Burning of Lawrence and the Massacre of its People.

Gen. Lane Escapes and Pursues the Murderers.

Sumpter almost Battered Down.

The South Wall Leveled and the East and Northwest Wall Crumbling.

Gilmore gives Four Hours for the Surrender of Sumter and Morris Island.

Confessions of Weakness of the Rebel Cause.

Gold Still Falling.

MEMPHIS, August 29.—Gen. Herbert started on an expedition from La Grange, Tennessee, on the 13th, under the command of Lieut. Colonel Philips, of the 10th Illinois mounted infantry, which reached Grenada on the 17th, driving Gen. Sherman (rebel) with 2,000 men and three pieces of artillery from that place. They destroyed 57 locomotives and upwards of 400 cars, depot building, machine and blacksmith shops. A large quantity of ordnance and stores were captured, together with 50 railroad men and quite a number of other prisoners.

NEW YORK, August 24.—A Morris Island letter dated August 19th, states that Gen. Gilmore's batteries continued firing, and the walls of Sumter were gradually crumbling to ruins. The rebel flag was shot away on the 18th, but was replaced. Violent storms raged on the 18th. The parapet of the Fort is completely demolished, and the abutments at the south-east angle mostly torn away. Breaches have been made through which our projectiles fly, crashing against the opposite walls.

Deserters say that the effect on Sumter is terrible, and that four men were killed and six wounded in Fort Wagner on Monday. The rebel batteries on James' Island continue a heavy fire, but without much damage.

Richmond papers of the 19th, say that the bombardment of yesterday was more furious than that of previous days. The *Ironsides*, six monitors and six gunboats, with the enemy's land batteries, opened on Wagner at daybreak, throwing 20 shells per minute at our works. This continued until 11 o'clock, when the fleet and land batteries turned their attention to Sumter. The *Ironsides* and six monitors approached within three-fourths of a mile of the Fort, battering heavily against the south face. Sum er replied vigorously with her barbette guns. The contest lasted about seven hours, when the fleet, having been hit a number of times, stood off out of reach, with a flag at half mast.

STEPHENSON, Ala., August 22.—Wilder crossed the Tennessee river last evening and burned a small railroad bridge near Shell Mound, thus severing communication between the rebel right and left. In view of the impracticability of common roads, this movement is an important affair. We also secured a ferry boat and two barges, and brought them to this side.

The advance of the Army of the Cumberland was before Chattanooga August 21st, and opened fire in the city. During the forenoon the enemy replied from nineteen guns, mostly small, doing little damage. Our fire was very destructive, and every battery which opened fire on us was silenced, or disabled. The enemy's works on the river are said to be very strong, with parapets no less than fifteen feet wide, and several water batteries on line with the river. Discovered one steamboat moored in front of the city, and destroyed her and disabled another. An attempt to destroy a pontoon bridge of forty seven boats was frustrated by rebel sharp shooters. It is reported that there are two rebel divisions in the city, and one on the railroad toward Bridgeport.

Contrabands report that Johnston has arrived and superceded Bragg. Many paroled men from Pemberton's army are coming into our lines. They say his command can never be got together again. The rebel right and left cannot co-operate because of the impracticability of the roads.

CAIRO, August 24.—Latest advices from Gen. Steele's Arkansas expedition say that his headquarters would be at Clarendon, on White river, on the 17th of August. Small parties of guerrillas were constantly hovering around our flanks and rear. Gunboats had ascended Little Rock river, as far as Searcy, taking two rebel steamers, both in good order. At Searcy a rebel battery was found and silenced by the *Lexington* with no loss save 19 wounded. Our boats destroyed the pontoon bridge by which Marmaduke crossed the river. He was joined on this side by Price.

Kirby Smith was at Little Rock. The rebels are reported to be fortifying Bayou Meta, 50 miles this side of Little Rock, with the intention of making a stand at that place.

NEW YORK, August 24.—Money easy at 6@7 per cent. Gold unsettled—opening at 244, declining to 23¾ and closing at 23¾. Government stocks firm and unchanged.

The *Herald's* special says Lee has been receiving reinforcements for the past two weeks, and is evidently preparing to attack us. Our scouts report the enemy making in their campaign which contemplates a movement similar to that of August 1st. Deserters corroborate this news.

NEWBERN, August 22.—The rebel newspapers in this State clamor loudly for the suppression of the Raleigh *Standard*, the official paper, which of late bids defiance to Jeff. Davis and the destroyers of the Confederacy.

The Halifax (Fenn.) *Journal* says, speaking of Bragg's army:

We don't know its strength, but taking its present status into consideration, with the well known adroitness and sagacity of his antagonist, Bragg will find his position hazardous and perplexing unless there is greater energy shown than now seems to exist. It is apparent that Rosecrans intends to flank both sides, and no doubt throw another division into East Tennessee by way of Sparta, and thus compel Bragg to fall back to Atlanta.

FORTRESS MONROE, Aug. 24.—The steamer *Maple Leaf* from off Charleston Aug. 20, has arrived. When she left, Sumter's guns were silenced. Several breaks had been made in the walls. There was no doubt that the rebels would soon abandon it. Monitors were close under the walls of Wagner, and by the aid of sharp-shooters the guns of the batteries were nearly silenced.

MEMPHIS, Aug. 2[illegible].—The steamer *City of Madison* was blown up at Vicksburg, Wednesday, Aug 19, while loading with ammunition at the Levee. About 60 lives were lost. The explosion was caused by the careless handling of percussion shells by a laborer.

Second Dispatch.

LEAVENWORTH, August 22.—Four citizens of Lawrence, who have arrived for supplies, gather the following particulars in regard to the burning of that city by Quantrell. The list of killed will number some 186, the majority of whom were killed instantly. The houses that remain standing are filled with the killed and wounded of all classes. From the ruins of the burned houses the charred remains of other victims were being taken. But one hotel was left standing. Quantrell spared that in consequence of having made it his home some years since without expense. But the proprietor was shot. A number who made no resistance were shot by the murderers. In one case the assassins drove twelve men into one house, shot them and burned the building. Several hundred of the inhabitants fled into the ravines for safety, but the fiends stood on the bank and fired into them, killing and wounding scores. Twenty-five negro recruits were shot. They took all the money that could be found in the pockets of the citizens or in the houses, and stole the ladies' jewelry, even to the rings on their fingers.

General Lane escaped on horseback, and afterward rallied 200 men, with their arms, followed and overtook Quantrell twelve miles south of Lawrence, where a fight occurred, the result of which is unknown. Quantrell is now retreating toward Missouri, burning everything on the route. It is not expected that he will be intercepted by our forces, and he will get away without serious loss. But little resistance was made at Lawrence. The citizens were shot down as they ran through the streets in their efforts to escape. Their ladies were thrown into the wells and cisterns.

A raid of this kind has been threatened by Quantrell, and the citizens had organized military companies for defense; but the late reports from Quantrell to the effect that he would not invade Kansas caused the abandonment of the organization, and the guerillas found the place entirely defenseless.

A large train left here to day with supplies of clothing, provisions, etc., for the sufferers. The citizens of Leavenworth have opened their doors for all who choose to come. Many have already availed themselves of these hospitalities. The feeling here is very bitter against the commander of the department for being so wholly unprepared to meet such an emergency. The Commander [illegible]erd was absent from headquarters and did not know of the invasion until the destruction of Lawrence was complete. Everything was then done to intercept Quantrell; but it was too late. Our State will now take the matter in her own hand. Colonel Jennison is about starting down the border with a sufficient force to whip any number of rebels that can be found, and if he is not interfered with by the department commander raids into Kansas will end with this one.

The men comprising Quantrell's force are principally of those bands of guerrillas who have been robbing and murdering along the border for the past six months with but little opposition. They have had ample time to prepare everything that would insure success. Two banks were robbed of everything. A third only escaped because the heat was so great that the rebels could not get at the vaults.

LEAVENWORTH, August 25th.—Up to this morning, 123 bodies were buried at Lawrence. Many of them were so much disfigured as to prevent recognition. People are continually passing between this place and Lawrence, and their details of the scenes that occurred in the streets and houses of the doomed city are sickening and heart rending. The last accounts we have of Quantrell are to Saturday night, at which time he was being closely pursued by Lane, whose force was constantly increasing by the farmers who were flocking to him with arms. It is his determination to follow him into Missouri, and if the gang is bounded to hunt them down like wolves. One of them who was captured gave the names of 50 of the gang. They are people of Jackson county, who are well known and have always been considered good Union men. Well informed men at Lawrence are of the opinion that Quantrell's men are mainly composed of paroled prisoners from Pemberton's army, with some of Price's command, from the fact that they are much sunburned from being long in the service.

NEW YORK, August 25th.—Specials from Washington, this morning, contain little news. A Morris Island letter to the *Herald* says, the appearance of Fort Sumter is not unlike that presented by Fort Pulaski on the evening of the first day's fire. From 30 to 40 large holes could be seen on the face of the works. The barricades of bricks covering the magazines and sand traverses have been seriously damaged. Three days of such work will bring down Sumter on the heads of her defenders.

FORTRESS MONROE, August 24.—The Richmond *Whig* of the 21st says the loss of Vicksburg and failure at Gettysburg are the two events of the year which seem to render highly probable a long and almost interminable continuance of the war. Apart from the victories which we may achieve on the field, there are but two means of counteracting the baneful effects of these two events and bringing hostilities to an early close. These are events forcing intervention or a determined opposition by the conservative masses of the north to abolition faction which has control of the government at Washington. A long and protracted war will prove a great evil, wholly unmixed with good, for the longer the war continues the more thoroughly exasperated the Southern people would become with the whole Yankee race and Yankee institutions. We want the aid of France. We are able to pay for it. Let us do it. We shall then have peace, or a power to work swift revenge on our foul foe.

The Richmond *Sentinel* says, from the region of the Rappahannock their scouts report a growing an expectation that a collision between the two armies is drawing near. All accounts concur in representing our rebel army to be in the very best condition.

FORTRESS MONROE, Aug. 24.—Gov. Letcher has ordered the rebel General Assembly of Virginia, elected in May last, to meet at Richmond in extra session on Sept. 7, for the purpose of devising means for the public defense. He says it will require extraordinary exertions on their part to meet the advancing large levies and additional Federal forces.

The steamer *City of Richmond* from off Charleston, Sunday noon, brings the following news: Fort Sumter's flag was shot away on Thursday. On Friday the bombardment was constantly kept on. The whole south end of the Fort was demolished almost to the base. On Friday morning nine breaches were discovered in Wagner. Gregg and other batteries fired at intervals. An expedition was being fitted out to silence the James Island batteries.

The Richmond *Sentinel* of to-day has the following: Important dispatches came from Charleston to the 22d. The fire of the enemies land batteries has been kept up on Sumter, and more guns have been disabled.—There is also a heavy fire against Wagner and Gregg from the fleet and land batteries. Gen. Gilmore's demand for the surrender of Sumter and the Morris Island, with the threat to shell Charleston in four hours from the delivering of papers at Wagner, was received and returned this morning. Beauregard charges in reply inhumanity, and the violation of the laws of war against Gilmore, and says if repeated he will employ vigorous measures of retaliation. Up to this time the threat to shell the city has not been executed.

CHARLESTON, August 23.—On Sunday 600 shots were fired at Sumter—319 struck inside or outside of the walls. The east wall is scaled and the parapets under it ruined. The north-west wall and angles have fallen in. The guns are all dismounted. The land batteries opened from the south and north on Sunday, the monitors on the east and west coming close in. The fire is very damaging. The shot went through the fort and the shell[illegible] wounded several officers, including Col. Rhett, commanding. He is ordered to hold on until [illegible], or the place taken. Col. Gayford is killed and Wagner is [illegible]d and several are wounded. 23 vessels are outside the bay, including the *Ironsides*. Gen. Gilmore sent notice on Sunday that at 11 o'clock to-morrow he would open on Charleston. In the meantime all non-combatants could leave.

CHATTANOOGA, August 22.—The Yankees commenced shelling Chattanooga yesterday without giving notice of their intentions. All is quiet to-day.

CHICAGO, August 25.—Gold in New York this afternoon is 122.

Attention, Washington Guard.—The members of this Company will meet on Tuesday, the 25th inst., at 7½ o'clock P. M., at the Armory, corner of Washington and Second streets, for Drill.

By order,
A. J. SHUWLER, Sec. pro tem.

Meeting.—The regular Monthly Meeting of the Ladies Sanitary Aid Society will be held at the Presbyterian Church, Tuesday, August 1st, 1863, at 2 o'clock P. M.

Mrs. A. J. GIBBS, Sec.

NEW TO-DAY.

WILLAMETTE THEATRE.

LESSEE AND MANAGER ..... G. B. WALDRON

Monday Evening, August 31st,

Will be performed the Drama, in 5 acts, of the

ISLE OF ST. TROPEZ;

Or, Lannay, the Poisoner.

GEORGE MAURICE ..... G. B. WALDRON
Antoine ..... E. K.
Claude Darville ..... P. Thayer
Langlois ..... C. Ouellett
Jouet ..... H. Sinclair
LOUTENSE ..... MISS LUCITH MITCHELL
Pauline ..... Mrs. G. B. Waldron
Mary ..... Miss Mizelle Gilliss

To conclude with the drama of the

LAST MAN!

Or The Miser of Eltham Green!

GEOFFREY DALE ..... G. B. WALDRON
Sir Buttergate ..... Mortimer
Jacob ..... Nye
Benjy Wentworth ..... Sinclair
Weaver ..... Ouellett
Stephen ..... Orchard
Lady Barrington ..... Gilbert
ALICE ..... MISS E. MITCHELL
Barbara ..... Mrs. Waldron
Mary ..... Minnie Gilliss

Admission—Dress Circle and Orchestra Seats, $1; Pit, 50 cents.

Steamboat Meeting!

A MEETING of the [illegible] of Steamers for the Columbia River will be held at [illegible] on the 4th day of September. All persons who [illegible] to dispose of [illegible] to take an interest in the enterprise are invited to attend.

J. C. TEKENS,
L. ADRIAN,
THOMAS H. SMITH

aug31dtd

PROVIDENCE SCHOOL!

FOR YOUNG LADIES,

CONDUCTED BY

The Sisters of Charity,

VANCOUVER, W. T.

THIS INSTITUTION, which was commenced in the year 1856 is delightfully situated on the north bank of the Columbia river. The beauty of the surrounding scenery, and the salubrity of the place, combine to recommend it.

At the course of studies embraces the various branches of a solid and useful education, as a particular attention is given to form the pupils to habits of order and punctuality. They needle work.

Parents may rest assured that every care will be paid to the comfort of the young ladies placed at this institution, whilst no pains will be spared to inculcate the principles of virtue which alone can render education profitable.

No undue influence will be exercised over the religious opinions of the pupils; however, for the maintenance of good order, all are required to conform to the external discipline of the house.

Terms for Boarders:

For Board and Tuition, per quarter of 11 weeks.. $40 00
" Washing, " " .. 10 00
" Music and use of instrument " .. 12 50
" French, " " .. 5 00
" Board during vacation .. 20 00
" Washing " .. 8 00

Books, stationery, beds and bedding will form extra charges.

Each pupil must be provided with 6 white sheets, 4 blankets, 1 counterpane, 1 pillow, 2 pillow cases, 1 mosquito bar, 1 silver fork, 1 silver spoon, 1 silver cup, 1 silver goblet, 1 knife, 1 fork, 1 tea spoon, 1 napkin, 1 napkin ring, 1 pair of shoes, 1 pair of overshoes, 1 pair of boots, 1 pair of slippers, 1 dress for Sundays, 1 dress for every day, 1 cloak or shawl, 1 bonnet, 1 hat, 1 veil, 1 sun shade, 1 pair of gloves, 1 pair of mittens, 1 pair of rubbers, 1 pair of overalls, 1 pair of gaiters, 1 pair of garters, 1 pair of suspenders, 1 pair of drawers, 1 pair of stockings, 1 pair of shoes

uction Sales.

IANSFIELD
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ISSION MERCHAN
in the public that he gives his personal
to the sales of
state, Merchandise,
—ALSO—
ehold Furnitu
Private Residences, when desired.

DS ON COMMISSION
SOLD AT PRIVATE SALE.

Mansfield respectfully informs the
leased the commodious two-story
T STREET opposite Sayler & Co.'s
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J. C. Ainsworth,
A Cohn & Co.,
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KALLMES,
WHOLESALE
RY & LIQUOR DEALE
at st., next door to Sayler & Co.
PORTLAND, OREGON.
ES would respectfully call the attent
de and the public generally to his well

RS AND GROCERIE
—which consist of—
ANDIES—
e Porge & Fils,
ney & Co,
J & F Martell,
United Vineyard Co.
And many other bran
S, WINES, &c—
on Whisky,
Whiskey,
Holland Gin,
ort and Sherry Wines,
each and Cherry Brandy,
ortment of CASE LIQUORS.
ted stock of
Fine Old Jamaica
Old N E Rum,
Fine Old Tom Gin,

ROCERIES,
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J. KALL
56 Front street, next door to Sayler &
arch 14, 1863.

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B. RICHARDSON,
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UCTION SALES
STATE, GROCERIES, GR
CHANDISE AND HORSES.
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A. B. RICHARDSON.

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A FANCY DRY GOO
K, CARPETS, ETC.
Front and Sacramento
N FRANCISCO, CALIFORN.
ry stock of
NO DOMESTIC
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FANCY DRESS
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ETC.
the Lowest Market Price
WM P. TAAFF
Corner Front and Sacram

rand Engine
OR SALE.
AM ENGINE—8 inch
BOILER for the same—all in
HEAP, enquire of
E. J. NORTHRUP & CO.,
Hardware and Iron De
Front street, Portland, Or

IRON.
ived per Bark Almatia
50 TONS
and STEEL
—INCLUDING—
rs SHAFTING
2 to 4 inch Round.
HIRING ANY OF THOSE SIZ
plicants give us notice, as owing to the
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ket for sale.
E. J. NORTHRUP & CO.,
ters of HARDWARE AND STEEL
Portland, O

NE ARTS.
D CHOICE ASSORTMENT OF FI
Lithographs, Photograph
ued; besides a very complete stock
FOR DRAWING AND PAINTIN
ty of STUDIES, PHOTOGRAPH M
& VIRITZ, &c. &c. on hand and for
ROOS & WUNDERLICH B
Depot of Gough & Co.
219 Montgomery st, San Francis

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Well-Diggers and Con
tractors.
Y & SIMPSON have just
Brick
OR WELLS AND BUILDING,
at the LOWEST PRICES, delivered
THORNALLY & SIMPSON,
South Portland Brickyard

ble Farm for Sale.
& ELLIS WALKER PLACE, on Sa
for $2,000 cash—cash down
$500 more, and the house, barn a
on it cost more than double the
GEO. H. WILLIAMS.

IAN RESTAURANT.
Dining Saloon
ST FURNISHED AND OPENED
DINING SALOON over our Bo
comfortable style, with every
modation of Ladies and Fami
BLOWALL, GLAZE & CO.
rs' New Buildings, First street,
Between Washington and Alder

The Daily Oregonian.

CITY.

The MORNING OREGONIAN has a larger SUBSCRIPTION LIST than any other daily published in this City.

Money Market

New York Gold Quotations 224
San Francisco Legal Tender rates ..... 90@91

ANOTHER OPPOSITION.—By reference to an advertisement it will be seen that it is proposed to form another steamboat company for the purpose of navigating the waters of the Columbia river.

GOOD TIME.—The stage last evening came in at 4 o'clock, 15 hours ahead of schedule time. The time from the White House to this city—six miles—was thirty-nine minutes.

GONE TO SEA.—From Capt. Holman, of the steamer *Couch*, we learn that the barks *Hope*, *A. Banks* and *Almatia* got to sea, the former on Thursday and the latter on Saturday, both bound for San Francisco.

PROVIDENCE SCHOOL.—We would call attention to the advertisement of this institution located at Vancouver, and under control of the Sisters of Charity.

THE FIRST.—The first oysters of the season arrived on the *Couch* on Saturday evening, from Shoalwater Bay.

THEATER.—On Saturday evening the thrilling and interesting drama was performed of the "Last Man; or, the Miser of Eltham Green." The old miser was portrayed by Mr. Waldron with splendid effect. The gradual fading away of memory, and the dying scene, was most artistically acted. The old maid was enacted by Miss Mitchell in a very harmonious manner, eliciting frequent outbursts of applause. The other characters were well rendered by the balance of the company. The whole concluded with the comedy of the "Honeymoon" in which Mortimer and the Duke Aranza with great success. The celebrated drama of the "Isle of St. Tropez" and the "Last Man" will be presented, this evening, constituting a splendid bill.

SINGULAR DISAPPEARANCE.—Mr. J. W. Moore, living one mile north west of Lebanon, left his residence on Monday afternoon, stating that he was going to a certain pile of drift wood on the Santiam to hunt a cedar tree suitable for making boards, since which time nothing has been heard of him. Some of the neighbors, on Monday night, thinking he had got lost, turned out and hunted and hallooed through the Santiam bottoms all night. From Tuesday until yesterday (Friday) at 1 o'clock, when our informant left Lebanon, some forty or fifty men have been hunting for him. The pile of drift-wood, the densely timbered bottoms of the Santiam, and the deep holes of water in the river, have all been thoroughly searched, but no traces found of the missing man after he left his residence. His wife states that he appeared very sad when he left on Monday, and to her entreaty to remain at home and do some work on the farm that day, replied that he "would do that to-morrow, if alive." The general opinion is that he has committed suicide. Mr. M. was a much respected citizen in the neighborhood in which he lived.—*Oregon Democrat.*

EMANCIPATION IN MARYLAND.—The Baltimore correspondent of the N. Y. *Evening Post*, writing recently, says:

"The city legislative ticket is complete.—It is thoroughly emancipation. You must not call it abolition, though, for fear of offending the nerves of timid people. Well it is no matter. It is the instant extinction of slavery in Maryland that we are after, and we mean to have it.

Debility and Pain in Side and Breast.

DAYTON, OHIO, June 5, 1858.

Messrs. A. L. SCOVILL & Co.—Gents: My wife has been troubled with Debility, and has had a constant Pain in her side, and at times, a Pain in her Breast, which was prostrated from sewing. I bought a box of DR. M'LANE'S LIVER PILLS, and since she has been using them she has entirely recovered her strength, and the pain has left her. I have used them also myself, and find them almost valuable family medicine.

Truly yours, JOSEPH PATTERSON.
REDINGTON & CO.,
416 and 418 Front street.
Agents for the Pacific Coast.

Baker's Pain Panacea, the most popular item now offered to the public.

VINTON, IOWA, June 9, 1858.

Messrs. A. L. SCOVILL & Co.—I believe your BAKER'S PAIN PANACEA is bound to be the most popular remedy for pain of every description ever offered to the public. I have known many wonderful cures it has effected, and have always sold and warranted as you direct, but to my great surprise, none came back, and for a remedy which is good for so many diseases, and a "balm for every wound," nothing can be said in over praise. J. W. PLUMMER.

For sale by all Druggists everywhere, and by REDINGTON & CO, 416 and 418 Front street, San Francisco. aug 3 1daw2w

Notice.

By virtue of authority vested in me by the Brigadier General commanding the Second Brigade of the Oregon State Militia I hereby give notice that I will proceed to organize a Company of Militia, on Monday, the 7th of September, 1863, at 7 o'clock P. M. at the Truck House of Columbia H. & L. Co. No. 1, at which time the officers of said company will be elected.

sep29 10d F. DEKUM, Enrolling Officer.

$50 Reward.

STRAYED FROM MY STABLE, (Dalles City), about 1st August, a fine deep BAY HORSE, six years old, branded U. S. with a spot over it. He has a small white star in his forehead, another between his nostrils; and a white mark on his left side; made by the girth; another mark resembling a ring is also in that direction when his head is reared from. He was raised by I. N. Jeans, of Yamhill, and I will give the above reward for his return to me at Dalles, or to the stable of Sherlock & Bacon, or Capt. Van Dorn, Portland.

Dalles City, August 20th, 1863. J. H. NEUCH.

Dissolution.

THE copartnership heretofore existing and doing business at Umatilla City under the firm of BUNNELL BROS. & CO. is this day dissolved by mutual consent.

BUNNELL BROS.
JAMES M. LEEZER.

The business of the late firm will be continued by the undersigned from August 27th, 1863, JAMES M. LEEZER.
aug28dlf

LUCAS & SWARNEY,
RECUSE, SIGN & STEAMBOAT PAINTERS
Glaziers and Paper-Hangers.
SHOP ON FIRST STREET, Opposite Emil, Lowenstein & Co.'s Furniture Store.
PORTLAND, OREGON. d1y*

Wheat.
CASH PAID FOR CLEAN WHITE WHEAT at the Portland Steam Mills.
sep2dlf RICHARDS & McCRAKEN.

Found.
IN A FIELD NEAR THIS CITY, A PACKAGE OF KEYS. Any one directed to "Peter J. Reiling, Portland," may be sure of value to the owner. It may be had at this office.
aug27

1000 SEED BARLEY, for sale by
jul27dlf RICHARDS & McCRAKEN.

Ep. The Scandinavian Restaurant from this date, 19th August, will be kept open until 12 o'clock in the evenings, when WILLIAM BASTIAN, who is Cook-in-Chief of the Kitchen, will CATER VIANDS to suit the most delicate taste.

Masonic.—Harmony Lodge, No. 12, F. & A. M., holds stated communications on the 2d and 4th Mondays of each month, at which the F. M. Brethren in good standing are invited to attend. By order of W. M.

MOTHERS! MOTHERS!! MOTHERS!!! Don't fail to procure Mrs. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP for CHILDREN'S TEETHING. This valuable preparation is the prescription of one of the best female physicians and nurses in the United States, and has been used for thirty years with never failing safety and success by millions of mothers and children, from the feeble infant of one week old to the adult.

It not only relieves the child from pain, but invigorates the stomach and bowels, corrects acidity, and gives tone and energy to the whole system. It will almost instantly relieve

GRIPING IN THE BOWELS AND WIND COLIC.

We believe it the best and surest remedy in the world in all cases of DYSENTERY and DIARRHŒA IN CHILDREN whether it arises from Teething or from any other cause.

Full directions for using will accompany each bottle. None genuine unless the fac-simile of CURTIS & PERKINS, New York, is on the outside wrapper.

Sold by all Medicine Dealers.

Principal Office, 18 Dey street, NEW YORK.

Price Only 25 Cents per Bottle.

REDINGTON & CO.
416 and 418 Front street, San Francisco.
Agents for California.
aug24d3m

Females! Females!! Females!!!—Use that Safe, Pleasant Remedy known as

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU.

For all complaints incident to the Sex. No Family should be without it, and none will when once tried by them.

It is used by YOUNG AND OLD, in the Decline or Change of Life, and After and Before Marriage. During and After Confinement, to strengthen the Nerves, Restore Nature to its Proper Channel, and Invigorate the Broken-down Constitution, from whatever cause originating.

USE NO MORE WORTHLESS PILLS! Take HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU.

See advertisement in another column. Cut it out, and send for it. aug11daw2m

Storage.—THE FIRE-PROOF STONE WAREHOUSE, opposite Umatilla House, is the only building, "not made of wood," at the Dalles, where goods are taken on STORAGE. All other houses that take goods on storage are *wooden* buildings and in exposed parts of the town, liable to the risk of fire. The subscriber assures his patrons that his charges are but $1 50 per ton per month storage and although storage in wooden buildings is $2 00 per ton, yet the public cannot fail to perceive the advantages the subscriber possesses over other warehouses of this place.

Dalles, Jan 20, 1863.1m RASEY BIVEN.

N. B. A liberal discount made for lots of 50 tons or more, where goods are Stored for more than one month.

READ, MOTHERS, READ!—How many a mother has waked up at MIDNIGHT AND FOUND HER CHILD BREATHING HARD, ATTENDED WITH PECULIAR WHISTLING OR BARKING COUGH, which would be relieved by the use of DR. WM. HALL'S BALSAM, and reply, a thousand times the cost, by having it once in time of need, to give relief to the struggling child? Then why delay in procuring a remedy for such a sudden disease, which is CARRYING OFF THOUSANDS OF OUR CHILDREN EVERY YEAR?

EVERY FAMILY should keep this medicine constantly on hand, for old and young should use it for all affections of the throat and lungs.

REDINGTON & CO., Sole Agents,
416 and 418, Front street, San Francisco.
For sale by all Druggists. aug6d1f

DENTAL CARDS.—Certificates received by Dr. W. KOEHLER from his former places of residence:

This recommendation is due Dr. W. KOEHLER, a Practical Dentist, for his skill, thorough professional attainments, and complete knowledge of the science of Dentistry. I cheerfully recommend Dr. Koehler to all who may need or desire his professional services. J. S. TITUS, M.D.
Placerville May 5th, 1859.

I have known Dr. KOEHLER as a practicing Dentist in this place for some time past. He is thoroughly versed in his profession, and I would cordially recommend him to those desirous of obtaining the services of an educated and skilful Dentist. JOHN COOKE, M.D.
Placerville, May 5th, 1859.

HOKELUMNE HILL, August 30, 1860.

Having had occasion to employ several operators to construct a set of artificial teeth for me, but without having derived any benefit from them, I at last consulted Dr. W. KOEHLER, to whom I gave my case for another trial. He made me a full set of teeth, which I am now wearing with all the comfort and satisfaction desired and I would recommend him to all in need of the services of a skilful dentist. W. McFADDEN, M.D.

Ep In Every Age of the World, the professions have been slow to admit the value of new discoveries, or the expediency of adopting them in practice. It is not to the legal profession that we look for reforms in jurisprudence, neither do we find the advocates of medical reform among physicians. Each deprecates whatever is found to ameliorate upon received opinions and established usage. Hence the opposition which medical men too often exhibit to the use of private remedies, whatever their acknowledged value, or great efficiency in the cure of disease. No medicine has ever done more for the relief of human suffering than DR. OSGOOD'S INDIA CHOLAGOGUE. The certainty with which it cures Fever and Ague, and eradicates bile from the system is acknowledged by all. Do you prefer a speedy and effectual cure to a regular and scientific run of disease? Try the Cholagogue, and the effect is accomplished. Then tell your suffering neighbor what it has done for you, that it may do the same for him.

For sale everywhere.

REDINGTON & CO., 416 and 418 Front street, San Francisco, Sole Agents. dawdm

Ho! for Boise, John Day and the Powder River Gold Mines!

THROUGH WITHOUT DETENTION!

The only sure and safe way for miners to reach the new mines, without being ill trained, is to secure their

Supplies in Portland!

And be prepared to go either by land or water, from the

Dalles to the New Diggings!

200,000 pounds choice Oregon bacon, 30,000 pounds extra fine Flour, 10,000 pounds of assorted Bacon, 500 pairs of Oregon Gray Blankets, together with a full supply of Groceries, Boots, Shoes and all kinds of mining articles can now be obtained at HARKER BROS.,
No. 125, Front street, opposite the Upper Wharf.
Portland March 4, 1863. dtf

DELMONICO RESTAURANT,
No. 94 First Street,
PORTLAND.
BARNEY GUTEKUNST, Proprietor.

THE UNDERSIGNED BEING SOLE PROPRIETOR of the above old and well-established Restaurant, proposes to continue business in a manner satisfactory to his friends as well as to the public in general, by having it furnished, at all times, with the

BEST OF EVERYTHING THE MARKET AFFORDS,

and to conduct the same in all respects as a FIRST CLASS RESTAURANT.

BARNEY GUTEKUNST.

TERMS:
Board by the Week.....$6 00 | Board by the day.....$1 00
Single Meals..... 25 cents.
aug17 1f

Attention, Militia!

HEADQUARTERS 1ST REGIMENT O. M.,
PORTLAND, Aug. 21st, 1863.

The Field and Staff Officers, and the several organized Military Companies in this Regimental District, will appear at Salem on the 15th September prox., armed and equipped for parade and review. The regiment will be encamped for at least three days, ordering the pleasure of the Commander-in-Chief.

The Captains of the several Companies will have notice of their muster rolls forwarded to these headquarters as early as practicable.

By order of the Colonel.

T. B. TREVETT, Adjutant.

2000 FEET CHOICE HICKORY PLANK
for sale by HENRY LAW.

CARPET
WAREHOUSE.
WALTER BROS.
Cor. First and Stark Streets,
PORTLAND, OREGON.

WOULD respectfully inform the Public that they are receiving by every steamer,

DIRECT FROM THE EAST,

NEW SUPPLIES of GOODS

—consisting in—

Carpets, and

Paper Hangings

of the Latest Patterns,

FLOOR AND TABLE

Oil Cloths and Covers.

MATTINGS,

White and Checked, and for all widths;

WINDOW SHADES,

Damask, Plain and Fancy Rops.

LACE AND MUSLIN CURTAINS.

PARLOR AND BED ROOM RUGS,

DOOR MATS of all Descriptions.

CRUMB CLOTHS, STAIR RODS.

CORNICES for all sizes of Windows

CURTAIN BANDS, LOOPS AND HOLDERS.

CURTAIN CIMPS & FRINCES

GREEN AND BUFF LINENS, for Window Shades.

PICTURE AND LOOKING GLASS TRIMMINGS.

SPRINGS, TWINE, FURNITURE GIMPS and all Goods in the

Upholstery Line.

—ALSO—

Looking Glasses,

PICTURE MOLDINGS, &C.

Importing our Goods direct from the East, and having the Largest Stock of any in the State, we can sell at the

Lowest San Francisco Prices.

Call before buying and examine the large and well-selected stock of

WALTER BROS.,
Corner of First and Stark street,
April 22, 1863. Portland.

BOOKS AND STATIONERY
Cheaper than Ever!
S. J. McCORMICK
HAS JUST RECEIVED A LARGE ADDITION TO his stock of

SCHOOL BOOKS,
—COMPRISING—

PARKER & WATSON'S READERS;
SANDER'S SERIES OF READERS;
MONTEITH'S GEOGRAPHIES;
CLARK'S GRAMMARS;
WEBSTER'S DICTIONARIES;
DAVIES' ARITHMETICS;
WILLARD'S HISTORIES;
THOMPSON'S ARITHMETICS;
and all other

SCHOOL BOOKS USED IN THE STATE,

together with a large variety of

TOY BOOKS FOR CHILDREN.

Also as well as variety of

STATIONERY,
embracing every article in the line. All of which he is prepared to sell at wholesale or retail at the

Lowest Cash Prices.

S. J. McCORMICK,
Bookseller and Stationer,
aug7 d1m Front street, Portland, Oregon.

LOW PRICES!
IMPORTANT TO CASH BUYERS.
JOHN WILSON
HAS JUST RECEIVED PER "INDUSTRY" AND steamer

CRUSHED SUGAR, CANDLES,
COFFEE SUGAR, KEROSENE,
CREAM TARTAR, SALERATUS,
CARB. SODA, TABLE SALT.

EXTRA HEAVY GOLDEN SYRUP

Young Hyson, Gunpowder, Japan, Basket and other TEAS;

Coffee, Chocolate, Vinegar, Brooms, Pails, Washtubs, Family Soaps, Toilet Soaps, Table Cutlery, Crockery and Glassware, Staple Dry Goods, Boots, Shoes, Clothing, &c, all of which will be sold at Lowest Market Prices!

For Cash and Produce Only,

By JOHN WILSON,

☞ PARTICULAR ATTENTION PAID TO ORDERS
122, Front street.
Portland, August 12th, 1863. dtf

SCANDINAVIAN RESTAURANT,
IN HOLMES' NEW BUILDING,
First Street,
Between Washington and Alder,

THIS RESTAURANT IS MAGNIFICENTLY FURNISHED throughout above the whole establishment being entirely new.

The KITCHEN will be under the charge of one of the BEST COOKS ON THE COAST.

Everything will be kept NEAT and CLEAN, and every department will be under the immediate supervision of the Proprietors, and the whole establishment well conducted as a FIRST-CLASS RESTAURANT.

Board By the week..... $7 00 to $10
Board by the day..... 1 00 to 2
Board by the Meal..... 25 cts to 1

Terms Cash.

Portland, Aug 12, 1863. BLOWALL, GLAZE & CO.
dtf Proprietors.

For Sale.
THE BUILDING known as the BARREL FACTORY; adjoining Burlaugh & Stinchfield's Saw Mill, with the lot on which it stands—lot 1, block 21, Couch's addition to Portland. Enquire of RICHARDS & McCRAKEN.

E. J. NORTHRUP & CO.,
IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN
HARDWARE,
IRON AND STEEL,
PORTLAND, OREGON,

OFFER FOR SALE—

100 kegs Cut and Wrought NAILS and SPIKES;
8000 lbs MANILA ROPE, 1 to 2 in. dia.;
BUILDERS' HARDWARE—
Locks, Bolts, Sash Weights, &c.;
WOODEN WARE—all kinds;
SHIP CHANDLERY—
Tar, Pitch, Oakum and Oars;
POWDER, LEAD and SHOT;
BRASS LAGER BEER COCKS;
ICE PICKS and improved CORKSCREWS
and a large stock of

Shelf-Hardware.

100 doz. Miners' Shovels & Picks.

Mining Pans, Crow Bars;
Blasting Powder, Fuse;
Canada and Garden Barrows;
Rockaway and Hand Carts;
Best Rock Drawers;
Sluice Forks and Brushes;
Hunts Miners' and Chopping Axes.

The attention of Dealers is called to our Stock, which we offer for sale at the LOWEST RATES.

J. & O. THREE & CO.
Brick Store, 131 Front street,
Portland Oregon.

IRON & STEEL.
100 TONS NORWAY, SWEDES and REFINED IRON, consisting of

Hoop, Band, Bar, Rod, Oval, Half Oval,
Half Round to Diameter and Flat Iron,
Norway Shoe Shapes and Nail Rods,
Making the Largest and Best Assortment in the State.

10,000 LBS. CAST STEEL.—
6 inch to 2½ inch Square, 3 inch to 12 inch Octagon,
2½ inch to 12 inch Round.

10,000 LBS. IRON AXLE.—1½, 1¾, 2 inch;
Concord Side Springs, Wagon, Buggy and Seat Springs,
Plow, Sectional, Blister, Spring and Tire Cast Steel,
Nuts, Washers, Bands, Filed, Borax, Extra Tops;
Carriage, Tire and Machine Bolts;
Horse Nails, Horse and Mule Shoes;
Bolt, Rod, Sheet and Cast Iron;
And a Full Stock of BLACKSMITH'S TOOLS.

Which Our the above goods for sale at REDUCED RATES.

E. J. NORTHRUP & CO.,
Importers and Dealers in HARDWARE, IRON and STEEL,
jy27 3m Brick Store, Front st. Portland.

Notice.
SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at this Office till the hour of 12 o'clock M., September first, A. D. eighteen hundred and sixty-three, to furnish at this Depot the following supplies for public use, viz:

(1500) One thousand five hundred cords of Merchantable HARD WOOD, to be delivered in the Quartermaster's Wood Yard.

(800,000) Eight hundred and ninety thousand pounds of merchantable OATS, to be delivered in the Quartermaster's Barns and Granaries.

(580) Five hundred and eighty tons of good TIMOTHY HAY, to be delivered in the Quartermaster's Barns and Sheds.

(90) Ninety tons of OAT STRAW, to be delivered in the Quartermaster's Straw Sheds.

(2500) Two thousand five hundred bushels of CHARCOAL, to be delivered at the Quartermaster's Blacksmith Shop.

The above articles to be delivered on or before the 30th day of November next.

Proposals to furnish portions of the above quantities, will be received as follows:

Of Wood 500 cords and upwards;
Of Oats 100,000 pounds and upwards;
Of Hay 100 tons and upwards;
Of Straw 25 tons and upwards;
Of Charcoal 500 bushels and upwards.

Payment will be made in Legal Tender Notes, or in checks drawn on the Treasury Department payable in that currency. Bids must be made therefore at Legal Tender prices.

All contractors will be required to give bonds with good and sufficient sureties for the faithful performance of contract; also, both contractors and sureties will be required to take the oath of allegiance to the United States of America.

Contracts will be made with the lowest responsible bidders, the Quartermaster reserving to himself the right to reject any and all of the bids if deemed unreasonable; and no contract will be considered in force unless it has the approval of the Department Commander.

C. HOPKINS,
Capt. & Asst. Qr. Mr.

Asst. Quarter Master's Office,
Vancouver Depot, W. T., Aug. 20, 1863. ld

J. R. CARDWELL,
DENTIST,
PORTLAND, OREGON,

HAS FITTED AN office with complete and extensive Dental Stock direct from the East including facilities for doing the VOLCANITE RUBBER, CHEMICAL ATTACHMENT, AMBER, and the Improved SUCTION GOLD AND SILVER PLATES with BLOCK TEETH.

Only the best materials used, and none but first-class operations allowed to go out of the office, consequently no inducement can be offered in the prices.

Particular attention will be paid to the treatment of diseased teeth and gums, and to regulating children's teeth.

Persons living at a distance unable to get work to suit them are especially requested to call.

J. R. C. claims to excel in painless extracting and inserting Teeth, and in adapting Artificial teeth to the complexion, and expression of countenance.

Office on Front st. RUSSELL & CARDWELL'S GALLERY, No. 89 Front street, Portland, Oregon. jy11dtf

$100 BOUNTY.
A FEW MORE RECRUITS WANTED
Co. G, 1st Reg't Oregon Cavalry.

MEN will be mustered into the service immediately at Fort Vancouver, and receive one-fourth of the Bounty down.

Office at CARTER'S BUILDING, near the Post Office.
L. C. BOND, 2d Lieut.,
aug12dtf Recruiting Officer.

Merchants' Mutual Marine
INSURANCE COMPANY
WILL INSURE MERCHANDISE AND TREASURE per steamers on the

Columbia River.

Also, from PORTLAND AND VICTORIA AND SAN FRANCISCO.

aug1dtf RICHARDS & McCRAKEN, Agts.

PROVIDENCE SCHOOL!
FOR YOUNG LADIES,
conducted by
The Sisters of Charity,
VANCOUVER, W. T.

STUDIES WILL BE RESUMED AT THIS ESTABLISHMENT on Monday, the 24th of this month. For further particulars apply to the Superintendent.

Vancouver, August 11th, 1863. aug10 2w

Kanyon Garden!
KANYON ROAD,

LOCATED IN THE VICINITY OF PORTLAND, offers a variety and plenty to all who do or use to enjoy a refreshing glass during the hot summer days.

FRITZ MILLER,
July 20th, 1863. dtf

For Sale.
ONE HAY SCALE—1½ ton beam;
TWO BASS MIRRORS.
Apply to L. H. HARRIS & McCRAKEN.

W. Weatherford,
Importer of

DRUGS, PAINTS
AND OILS,
No. 139 Front Street.

TAKE ATTENTION OF THE PUBLIC is solicited to the NEW STOCK of

FRESH DRUGS AND MEDICINES,
and our LARGE STOCK of

PAINTS AND OILS
with a full supply of

Painter's Materials,
now receiving from the Eastern markets and offered

Wholesale or Retail.

at Lowest Market Prices.

Together with a full supply of

PATENT MEDICINES
TOILET ARTICLES,
BRUSHES, &c., &c.,
and other articles usually kept in a

First Class Drug Store.

Special attention paid to the

PRESCRIPTION DEPARTMENT,

Prescriptions put up at all hours

DAY OR NIGHT.

W. WEATHERFORD,
Portland, Oregon, July 18, 1863. 130 Front street. 3m

HODGE & CALEF.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
DRUGGISTS,
97 Front Street.

OFFER FOR SALE—

LARD OIL—bbls. and cases;
LINSEED OIL " "
ALCOHOL " "
WHITE LEAD—kegs and pails;
TURPENTINE;
VARNISHES;
BRUSHES;
PAINTERS' STOCK—all kinds
KEROSENE—different brands;
SPERM OIL;
CHINA "
TANNERS' OIL;
KEROSENE LAMPS;
WINDOW GLASS;
QUICKSILVER;

At the Lowest Market Rates.

DRUGS AND MEDICINES,
In addition to our former large stock in this line, we are making, and shall continue to make, large and extensive additions—for Spring trade.

A combined experience of 30 years in business is a sufficient guarantee of a faithful attention to its requirements.

HODGE & CALEF,
Dealers in Drugs, Paints and Oils,
fe5 10 97 Front street.

WHOLESALE
CIGAR AND TOBACCO BUSINESS.
WE THE UNDERSIGNED HAVE THIS DAY established under the firm of

SCHONFELD, LEBENBAUM & CO.,
A WHOLESALE

Cigar and Tobacco Business,

To which we would call the particular attention of the trade.

Having unusual facilities for getting our goods from FIRST HANDS, and keeping constantly on hand a large assortment of

Pipes,
Stationery,
Yankee Notions,

&c. &c. we feel confident that purchasers will really promote their own interests by selecting from our stock.

S. SCHONFELD, San Francisco. S. LEBENBAUM,
F. S. OSTHEIM,
No 85 First street, Corner of Washington.
Fire Proof Brick Store.
Aug 10, 1863 3m Portland, Oregon

SO HANDY
TO HAVE IN THE HOUSE.
DANIEL HARVEY'S
Imperial Standard Extra Superfine
FLOUR,
PUT UP IN NICE WOODEN BARRELS
EXPRESSLY FOR FAMILY USE.

For sale in lots to suit, by
HENRY LAW,
jy5 1tdlf 25 Front street.

USE
E. COODWIN & CO.'S
NEW YORK PATENT PRESSED
Chewing Tobacco
For Sale Everywhere.

THIS TOBACCO IS MANUFACTURED EXPRESSLY for the California Market; the peculiar manner in which it is put up keeping it moist and causing it to retain its flavor any length of time. 2m5

TRACY & CO.'S EXPRESS
FROM
Portland to all Points in Boise Mines.

Will leave the Office of TRACY & KING
EVERY MONDAY MORNING.
Letters by U. S. Mail, directed to the care of Tracy & Co., Portland, will be forwarded promptly.
aug8 10 TRACY & CO.

SALT! SALT!
JUST RECEIVED AND FOR SALE, 900 SACKS COARSE
aug 8 1dlw Liverpool Salt.
SLEY, BODFI
Agts. Salt Works

OREGON
IRON WORKS
E. L. JONES & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS OF
HORSE-POWERS,
Grist and Saw Mills,
Which are also manufactured by
Union Reapers!
AND MOWERS AND REAPERS OF ALL KINDS.
Also, Agents for the celebrated
Cooking Ranges
FOR HOTELS AND FAMILIES
The price of the Ranges can be seen on application at the Works. They are of the most approved pattern, and can be seen in operation at the Works. Persons wishing to purchase Ranges for Hotels or Families will please call and examine them before purchasing elsewhere.
BRASS WORK and BABBITT'S METAL furnished to order.
We keep constantly on hand
HOISTING MACHINES FOR STORES.
A complete Hoisting Machine in use at SAYLER & CO'S store. Others are preparing to do the
All Kinds of Work
usually done in a
FIRST-CLASS FOUNDRY and Machine Shop.
We also manufacture Patterns, for all Patterns, which will be FURNISHED to those who prefer to make the shop.
25 Tons No. 1 Scotch Pig Iron,
Just received direct from New York; and we defy competition in PRICE OR QUALITY OF CASTINGS.
E. L. JONES & CO.
Portland, August 1st, 1863. dawtf

Daniel Harvey's
IMPERIAL STANDARD
Extra Superfine
AND SELF-RISING FLOUR!
IN LOTS TO SUIT.
For sale by
HENRY LAW,
jy15dlf 25 Front street.

$30,000 of Stationery
OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS, VIZ:

10,000 NOVELS,
10,000 Empire Blank Books, (one half bound,)
5,000 Full Bound Morocco,
1,000 doz. of Ink, (black, blue & red;)
500 doz. Pocket Books, Diaries, etc.,
1,000 doz. School Books, (assorted,)
100 doz. Day & other Receipt Books,
100 gross Playing Cards,
300 doz. Pocket and other Ink Stands,
100 doz. Mucilage,
1,000 gross Gillott's and other's Pens,
100 gross Faber's and other's Pencils,
1,000 Portfolios, (assorted,)
100,000 Envelopes,
1,000 doz. Bank Cards, (assorted,)
1,000 gross Pen Holders, (assorted,)
4,000 Slates, (assorted sizes,)
Post Office, Bill Head, Cash & Deed Boxes;
Card and Dressing Cases;
Scrap Books, Bill Files, Mechanic's Binders;
Slate, Terrestrial, Notarial and Copying Presses of all sizes;
Eyelet Cutters; Willow Baskets;
Rodgers & Son's Cutlery;
Music and Musical Instruments;
Gun Powder and Powder Flasks;
Tape Twine and Thread;
Bibles, Prayer and Hymn Books;
Law and Medical Books;
Wickets, Fillers, Faucets, and all other kinds of Nuts;
Brushes of all kinds;
Water Gauges, Steam Gauges, and all other kinds of Gauges;
And 100,000 other things too numerous to mention, at CHARLES BARRETT'S.
10,000 Legal Tenders Wanted

Salt! Salt! Salt!
Packers and Dealers in Salt
TAKE NOTICE.

THE undersigned are prepared to contract for the delivery of SALT in QUANTITIES TO SUIT, at San Francisco prices, duty paid.

THURSTON, WILSON & CO.
Portland, Aug 10, 1863. 31m

RE-OPENED.
WILLAMETTE RESTAURANT,
No. 147 Front street, opposite Ankeny's New Wharf,
PORTLAND, OREGON.

THE undersigned would inform the above-named establishment is in terms of success, intends making it a FIRST-CLASS RESTAURANT, on the recommendation of all those who favor him with a call at his house, and commodious dining hall, adjoining the office of S. Mathews, Esq. 1y
J. L. KINGSLEY.

HOLY ANGELS' COLLEGE,
VANCOUVER, W. T.,
(Recently termed "VANCOUVER ACADEMY.")

STUDIES WILL BE RESUMED ON MONDAY, 17th of August next.

For particulars apply to Rev. Father P. Mary, Prefect, Vancouver, July 2d, 1863. 66w

Oregon Age, Lewiston, and Washington Standard, Olympia, please copy, 6 times and bill.

Four New Stores
FOR RENT.

THE FOUR NEW TWO STORY BRICK STORES on the corner of First and Alder streets, will be ready for occupancy on the 15th day of May next. Apply to
Gilson J. HOLMES.
Portland, July 1, 1863. dtf

RARE CHANCE
For a Good Stand.
MY STOCK of Groceries, Provisions, Liquors, Cigars and Tobacco, Wooden and Willow Ware, Crockery, Glassware, Lamps, Oils, Candles, Soaps, Fancy Goods, Notions, Boots and Shoes, Clothing, Hats and Caps, Dry Goods, Blankets, Flannels, Cassimeres, Tweeds, Jeans, Linseys, Ticks, Prints, Ginghams, Muslins, Laces, Hosiery, Gloves, Ribbons, Trimmings, Shawls, Dress Goods, Millinery, Ladies' Furnishing Goods, Gents' Furnishing Goods, Hardware, Iron, Steel, Nails, Tinware, Stoves, Tools, Saddlery, Harness, Leather, Shoe Findings, Paints, Oils, Glass, Putty, Brushes, Window Shades, Fixtures, Trunks, Valises, Carpets, Oil Cloths, Mattings, Rugs, Mats, Crumb Cloths, Stair Rods, Curtain Goods, Cornices, Looking Glasses, Picture Frames, Mouldings, Engravings, Chromos, Lithographs, Photographs, Stationery, Books, Sheet Music, Musical Instruments, Toys, Fancy Articles, Perfumery, Jewelry, Watches, Clocks, Silverware, Plated Ware, Cutlery, Guns, Pistols, Powder, Shot, Caps, Fishing Tackle, Sporting Goods, Drugs, Medicines, Patent Medicines, Toilet Articles, Brushes, Combs, Chemicals, Dye Stuffs, Perfumery, Soaps, Fancy Articles, Notions, Groceries, Provisions, Liquors, Cigars, Tobacco, Wooden and Willow Ware, Crockery, Glassware, Lamps, Oils, Candles, Soaps, Fancy Goods, Notions, Boots and Shoes, Clothing, Hats and Caps, Dry Goods, Blankets, Flannels, Cassimeres, Tweeds, Jeans, Linseys, Ticks, Prints, Ginghams, Muslins, Laces, Hosiery, Gloves, Ribbons, Trimmings, Shawls, Dress Goods, Millinery, Ladies' Furnishing Goods, Gents' Furnishing Goods, Hardware, Iron, Steel, Nails, Tinware, Stoves, Tools, Saddlery, Harness, Leather, Shoe Findings, Paints, Oils, Glass, Putty, Brushes, Window Shades, Fixtures, Trunks, Valises, Carpets, Oil Cloths, Mattings, Rugs, Mats, Crumb Cloths, Stair Rods, Curtain Goods, Cornices, Looking Glasses, Picture Frames, Mouldings, Engravings, Chromos, Lithographs, Photographs, Stationery, Books, Sheet Music, Musical Instruments, Toys, Fancy Articles, Perfumery, Jewelry, Watches, Clocks, Silverware, Plated Ware, Cutlery, Guns, Pistols, Powder, Shot, Caps, Fishing Tackle, Sporting Goods,

How Guerrilla Morgan Got 300 Horses.

[From the Louisville Democrat.]

John Morgan is as good at playing a joke sometimes as he is at horse stealing, and the following incident will prove that on this occasion he did a little of both at the same time: During his celebrated tour through Indiana he, with about three hundred and fifty guerrillas, took occasion to pay a visit to a little town hard by, while the main body were "marching on." Dashing suddenly into the little burg, he found about three hundred home guards, each having a good horse tied to the fence—the men standing about in groups, awaiting orders from their aged captain, who looked as if he had been the shady side of some 60 years. The Hoosier boys looked at the men with astonishment, while the captain went up to one of the party and asked:

"Whose company is this?"

"Woolford's cavalry," said the reb.

"What! Kentucky boys? We're glad to see you, boys. Where's Woolford?"

"There he sits," said a ragged, rough reb, pointing to Morgan, who was sitting sideways upon his horse.

The captain walked up to Woolford (as he and all thought) and saluted him: "Captain, how are you?"

"Bully! How are you? What are you going to do with all these men and horses?" Morgan looked about.

"Well, you see, that d—d horse-thieving John Morgan is in this part of the country with a passel of cut-throats and thieves, and between you and I, if he comes up this way, captain, we'll give him the best we've got in the shop."

"He's hard to catch; we've been after him for fourteen days, and can't see him at all," said Morgan good humoredly.

"If our bosses would stand fire we'd be all right."

"Won't they stand?"

"No, Captain Woolford. Spose while you're restin', you and your company put your saddles on our hosses and go through a little evolution or two, by way of a lesson to our boys. I'm told you are a hoss of the drill."

And the only man Morgan is afraid of Woolford, (as it were,) alighted and ordered "his boys" to dismount, as he wanted to show the Hoosier boys how to give Morgan a warm reception should he chance to pay them a visit. This delighted the Hoosier boys, so they went to work and assisted the men to tie their old, weary, worn-out horses to the fences, and place their saddles on the backs of their fresh horses, which was soon done, and the men were in their saddles drawn up in line and ready for the word. The boys were highly elated at the idea of having their "pet horses" trained for the use by Woolford and his men, and more so to think that they would stand fire ever after wards.

The old captain advanced, and walking up to Woolford, (as he thought,) said "Captain, are you all right now?" Woolford rode up one side of the column and down the other, when he moved to the front, took off his hat, paused, and said "Now, captain, I am ready; if you and your gallant men wish to witness an evolution which you perhaps have never seen, form a line on each side of the road, and watch us closely as we pass." The captain did as he was directed. A lot of ludicrous were present on the occasion, and all was as silent as a maiden's sigh.

"Are you ready?"

"All right, Woolford," shouted the captain.

"*Forward!*" shouted Morgan, as the whole column rushed through the crowd with lightning speed, amid the shouts and huzzahs of every one present—some leading a horse or two as they went, leaving their frail tenements of horse flesh tied to the fences, to be provided for by the citizens. It soon became whispered about that it was John Morgan and his gang, and there is not a man in the town who will "own up" that he was gulled out of a horse. The company disbanded that night, though the captain holds the horses as prisoners of war, and awaits an exchange.

JEFF. DAVIS TAKEN TO TASK FOR HIS APPOINTMENT OF BAD GENERALS.—Looking to the results of the President's appointments, says the Richmond *Examiner*, we beg respectfully to ask what pre-eminent ability and integrity were exhibited in the following instances:

Trans-Potomac Lovell, (who, unless misrepresented, lectured to New York audiences on the art of war until after the battle of Manassas,) to the command of New Orleans.

Pennsylvania Pemberton (who gave up Cole's Island, which enabled the enemy to obtain his present foothold at Charleston and advised the demolition of Forts Sumter and Moultrie,) to the command of Vicksburg.

The President's brother-in-law, Richard Taylor, (who, until the present affair at Brushear City, the facts of which are imperfectly known, had done comparatively nothing,) to a major-generalship.

His relative, Samuel Jones, (who had never led a regiment into action,) to a major-generalship.

His favorite, Heth, (who had done nothing, over Price, who had done more with his means than any man in the service,) to a major-generalship—an appointment actually made, but denied, and only changed to a brigadier's commission after three months' resistance by the Senate.

The substitution of the dashing but injudicious and unlucky Van Dorn in place of Heth, as major-general, over Price.

The appointment of George Crittenden, twice dismissed from the United States army, as major general over the heroic and capable Zollicoffer.

The displacement, by means of an unworthy trick of Beauregard by Bragg.

The substitution of G. W. Smith by Elzey.

The appointment of Holmes, deemed incompetent, as major-general in Lee's army, to lieutenant-general, commanding the Department of Arkansas.

The persistent detention in command of Hindman, against the earnest expostulation of the Arkansas delegation to Congress.

Finally the appointment (at this late day, when disasters which have shaken the country to its centre have befallen so many of his favorites) of a man who has never exhibited capacity, but rather the reverse, to the post of Lieutenant-General of Mississippi, the point of all others where most capacity is needed.

To which of these appointments will the advocate of a dictatorship point in proof of the unerring wisdom and impeachability of character, his lack of partiality, and capacity of inspiring public confidence? If to Lovell, there is the fall of New Orleans to be accounted for. If to Pemberton, the loss of Vicksburg, and possibly of Charleston, must be justified. If to Taylor, Banks' successes, including the fall of Port Hudson must be explained. If to Jones, nothing must be said on either side, except that the net result of nothing is nothing to the credit of a General or his appointer. If to Heth, the disgraceful defeat at Lewisburg looms up.

(OFFICIAL.)

LAWS OF THE UNITED STATES,

Passed at the Third Session of the Thirty-Seventh Congress.

PUBLIC—No. 19.

AN ACT making appropriations for the support of the Army for the year ending the thirtieth of June, eighteen hundred and sixty-four, and for a deficiency for the signal service for the year ending June thirty, eighteen hundred and sixty-three.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums be and the same are hereby appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the support of the Army for the year ending the thirtieth of June, eighteen hundred and sixty-four:

For expenses of recruiting, transportation of recruits, and compensation to civilian surgeons for medical attendance, two hundred and seventy-five thousand dollars.

For bounties and premiums for recruits of the regular army, three hundred and twenty-four thousand dollars.

For bounties for recruits of the volunteer service; one million dollars.

For collecting, drilling and organizing volunteers, and all other necessary expenses, one million seven hundred thousand dollars.

For pay of the army, nine million five hundred and ninety-six thousand five hundred and thirty-eight dollars.

For commutation of officers' subsistence, one million six hundred and twenty thousand and forty-eight dollars.

For commutation of forage for officers' horses, two hundred and four thousand six hundred dollars.

For payments to discharged soldiers for clothing not drawn, one hundred and fifty thousand dollars.

For payments in lieu of clothing for officers' servants, seventy-six thousand nine hundred and seventy dollars.

For pay of volunteers under acts of twenty-second and twenty-fifth of July, eighteen hundred and sixty-one, two hundred and sixty-six million four hundred and ten thousand nine hundred and eighty-dollars and six cents.

For subsistence in kind for regulars, volunteers, sutlers, Indians, and hospital stewards, one hundred and forty million one hundred and thirty-two thousand six hundred and eighty-nine dollars and twenty cents.

For the regular supplies of the quartermaster's department, consisting of fuel for the officers, enlisted men, guard, hospitals, stables, and offices; of forage in kind for the horses, mules, and oxen of the quartermaster's department at the several posts and stations, and with the armies in the field; for the horses of the several regiments of cavalry, the batteries of artillery, and such companies of infantry as may be mounted, and for the authorized number of officers' horses which serving in the field and at the outposts, including bedding for the animals; of straw for soldiers' bedding, and of stationery, including blank books for the quartermaster's department, certificates for discharged soldiers, blank forms for the pay and quartermaster's departments; and for the printing of division and department orders and reports, sixty-seven million two hundred and seventeen thousand seven hundred and ninety-one dollars.

For the incidental expenses of the quartermaster's department, consisting of postage on letters and packages received and sent by officers of the army on public service, expenses of courts-martial and courts of inquiry, including the additional compensation of judge advocates, recorders, members, and witnesses, while on that service, under the act of March sixteenth, eighteen hundred and two; extra pay to soldiers employed, under the direction of the quartermasters department, in the erection of barracks, quarters, storehouses, and hospitals; in the construction of roads, and on other constant labor, for periods of not less than ten days, under the acts of March second, eighteen hundred and nineteen, and August fourth, eighteen hundred and fifty-four, including those employed as clerks at division and department headquarters; expenses of expresses to and from the frontier posts and armies in the field; of escorts to paymasters and other disbursing officers and to trains when military escorts cannot be furnished; expenses of interment of officers killed in action, or who die when on duty in the field, or at posts on the frontiers, or at other posts and places when ordered by the Secretary of War, and of non-commissioned officers and soldiers; authorized office furniture; hire of laborers in the quartermaster's department, including the hire of interpreters, spies, and guides for the army; compensation of clerks to officers of the quarter masters department; compensation of forage and wagon masters, authorized by the act of July fifth, eighteen hundred and thirty-eight; for the apprehension of deserters, and the expenses incident to their pursuit; and for the following expenditures required for the several regiments of cavalry, the batteries of light artillery, and such companies of infantry as may be mounted, viz: the purchase of traveling forges, blacksmiths' and shoeing tools, horse-shoes, mules shoes and nails, iron and steel for shoeing, hire of veterinary surgeons, medicines for horses and mules, picket ropes, and for shoeing the horses of the corps named; also generally, the proper and authorized expenses for the movements and operations of an army not expressly assigned to any other department, nineteen million one hundred and twenty-five thousand dollars.

For the purchase of cavalry and artillery horses, twenty three million one hundred and eighty-nine thousand three hundred and seventy-five dollars.

For mileage, or the allowance made to officers of the army for the transportation of themselves and baggage, when traveling on duty without troops, escorts, or supplies, one million of dollars.

For transportation of the army, including the baggage of the troops when moving, either by land or water; of clothing, camp and garrison equipage, from the depots, at Philadelphia and New York and Cincinnati to the several posts and army depots, and from those depots to the troops in the field; and of subsistence from the place of purchase, and from the places of delivery under contract, to such places as the circumstances of the service may require them to be sent; of ordnance, ordnance stores, and small arms, from founderies and armories to the arsenals, fortifications, frontier posts, and army depots; freight in wharfage, tolls, and ferriages; for the purchase and hire of horses, mules, oxen, and harness, and the purchase and repair of wagons, carts, and drays; and of ships, and other sea-going vessels, and boats required for the transportation of supplies and for garrison purposes; for drayage and cartage at the several posts; hire of teamsters; transportation of funds for the pay and other disbursing departments; the expense of sailing public transports on the various rivers, the Gulf of Mexico, and the Atlantic and Pacific; and for procuring water at such posts as, from their situation, require it to be brought from a distance; and for clearing roads, and removing obstructions from roads, harbors, and rivers, to the extent which may be required for the actual operations of the troops in the field, fifty-six million five hundred thousand dollars.

For hire or commutation of quarters for officers on military duty; hire of quarters for troops; of storehouses for the safe keeping of military stores; of grounds for summer encampments; for the construction of temporary huts, hospitals and stables, and for repairing public buildings at established posts, eight million dollars.

For heating and cooking stoves, one hundred and forty thousand dollars.

For telegraph for military purposes, and for expenses in operating the same, five hundred thousand dollars.

For supplies, transportation and care of prisoners of war, one million five hundred thousand dollars.

For contingencies of the army, six hundred thousand dollars.

For clothing for the army, camp and garrison equipage, and for expenses of offices and arsenals, seventy-six million two hundred and eighty-nine thousand nine hundred and eleven dollars and fifty-four cents.

For medicines, instruments, dressings, and so forth, for the regular army, one hundred thousand dollars.

For hospital furniture, and field equipments, for the regular army, thirty thousand dollars.

For medical books, stationery and printing, for the regular army, eight thousand seven hundred and fifty dollars.

For private physicians and medicines furnished by them, for the regular army, fifty-seven thousand five hundred dollars.

For forced clerks and laborers in purveying depots, for the regular army, one thousand six hundred dollars.

For continuing meteorological observations, and tabulating the same, under the direction of the surgeon general, for the regular army, five hundred dollars.

For contingencies, for the regular army, two thousand one hundred and fifty dollars.

For compensation of soldiers acting as cooks and nurses, under the acts of August sixteen, eighteen hundred and fifty-six, and March three, eighteen hundred and fifty-seven, for the regular army, two thousand dollars.

For ice, fruits, and other comforts, under acts of August three, eighteen hundred and sixty-one, and July five, eighteen hundred and sixty-two, for the regular army, twenty thousand dollars.

For citizen nurses, under the act of July five, eighteen hundred and sixty-two, for the regular army, four thousand dollars.

For hospital clothing for the regular army, fifteen thousand dollars.

For care of sick soldiers in private hospitals, for the regular army, eighteen thousand five hundred dollars.

For artificial limbs for soldiers, for the regular army, and seamen, five thousand dollars.

For medicines, instruments, dressings, and so forth, for the volunteers, four millions of dollars.

For hospital stores, bedding, and so forth, for the volunteers, three million five hundred thousand dollars.

For hospital furniture and field equipments, for the volunteers, one million dollars.

For medical books, stationery, and printing, for the volunteers, one hundred thousand dollars.

For private physicians and medicines furnished by them, for the volunteers, $400,000.

For hire of clerks and laborers in purveying depots, for the volunteers, $2,000.

For continuing meteorological observations and tabulating the same, under the direction of the surgeon-general, for the volunteers, $1,000.

For contingencies, for the volunteers, $12,500.

For compensation of soldiers acting as cooks and nurses, under the acts of August 10, 1850, and March 3, 1857, for the volunteers, $75,000.

For ice, fruits, and other comforts, under acts of August 3, 1861, and July 5, 1862, for the volunteers, $170,000.

For citizen nurses, under act of July 5, 1862, for the volunteers, $100,000.

For hospital clothing, for the volunteers, $50,000.

For care of sick soldiers in private hospitals, for the volunteers, $116,500.

For artificial limbs for volunteer soldiers and seamen, $45,000.

For the army medical museum, $5,000.

For medicines and medical attendance for negro refugees, (commonly called contrabands,) $50,000.

For contingent expenses of the adjutant general's department at department headquarters, $2,000.

For expenses of the commanding generals office, $10,000.

For armament of fortifications, $2,500,000.

For current expenses of the ordnance service, $900,000.

For ordnance, ordnance stores, and supplies, including horse equipments of all mounted troops, $6,515,000.

For the manufacture of arms at the national armory, $2,883,000.

For repairs and improvements and new machinery at the national armory at Springfield, Massachusetts, $150,000.

For the purchase of gunpowder and lead, $2,486,000.

For additions to extensions of shop room, machinery, and fixtures at armories, $500,000.

For purchase and manufacture of arms for volunteers and regulars, and ordnance and ordnance stores, $14,050,000.

For surveys of military defences, $150,000.

For purchase and repair of instruments, $10,000.

For printing charts of lake surveys, $15,000.

For continuing the survey of the northern and north-western lakes, including Lake Superior, $160,879.

For the signal service of the United States army, $115,891.

For deficiency for signal service for the United States army for the year ending June 30, 1863, $12,225.

SEC. 2. *And be it further enacted*, That no money shall be paid from the Treasury of the United States to any person acting or assuming to act as an officer, civil, military, or naval, as salary in any office, which office is not authorized by some previously existing law, unless where such office shall be subsequently sanctioned by law, nor shall any money be paid out of the treasury, as salary, to any person appointed during the recess of the Senate, to fill a vacancy in any existing office, which vacancy existed while the Senate was in session and is by law required to be filled by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, until such appointee shall have been confirmed by the Senate.

Approved, February 9, 1863.

J. STROUP. W. NEWBY.

UNION MARKET,

HEIGHT & NEWBY, Proprietors.

WILL always keep on hand the best of MEATS OF ALL VARIETIES, and other articles in their line,

WHOLESALE & RETAIL

Union Market,

South West Corner of Washington and Second streets.

Ankeny Market,

On Front street, and the

Upper Union Market,

In Knott's Building, No 214 Front street, corner of Jefferson street.

A liberal share of patronage is solicited, as no expense to keep as good no assortment, and of as good a quality as the country affords, and will deliver the same to purchasers in all parts of the city. jan1 dtf

Oregon Steam Navigation Co.'s NOTICE.

ALL freight received this day and hereafter, until further notice, will be charged at the following rates, in gold coin or its equivalent:

Freight from	Portland to	
" "	Umatilla	$45 per ton
" "	Wallula	50 "
" "	Lewiston	90 "
Passage from	Portland to Dalles, $6, including Hallcond.	
" "	Dalles to Umatilla & Wallula, $12	
" "	Lewiston, $23, including	

J. C. AINSWORTH,
Portland, June 26th, 1863. tf Pres't O. S. N. Co.

CHAS. SCHUCH,

FURRIER,

No. 72 First street,

Between Washington and Stark.

WOULD RESPECTFULLY ANNOUNCE to the people of Portland and the State of Oregon, that he has re-established himself in the above-named business, and is ready to execute all work pertaining to the same in workmanlike manner, and on reasonable charges.

FURS INFECTED BY MOTHS CLEANED and repaired.

N B—HIGHEST CASH PRICE paid for good sable and FURS of all kinds. aug1dtf

Notice to Shippers.

ALL FREIGHT FOR POINTS ON SNAKE RIVER, in the Indian reservation will be left at Wallula, or, if arrived at their point it is deemed unsafe to navigate Snake River; and all goods so left must be taken by the consignee or owner within thirty days, and freight paid at the usual rates to Wallula.

J. C. AINSWORTH, Pres't.
Portland, July 9th, 1863. O. S. N. Co.

Notice.

THE firm of W. B. MEAD & Co. is this day dissolved by mutual consent. W. B. MEAD,
P. S. BECKMINSTER

Portland, August 22d, 1863.

PORTLAND, August 22d, 1863.

W. B. MEAD & W. L. HIGGINS have this day formed a Copartnership in the business of manufacturing SOAP, under the name and style of W. B. MEAD & CO.

W. B. MEAD,
aug24d1w3t W. L. HIGGINS.

Sheriff's Sale.

A. Cain, H. F. Bloch, I. Cain and I. F. Bloch, Plaintiffs, vs. Wallace Day, Thomas H. Smith, Griffith E. Williams, Thomas M. Service, and D. W. Burnside et al, Defendants.

WHEREAS by virtue of sale [illegible] Peers placed in my hands, issued under the seal of the Circuit Court for the county of Multnomah, State of Oregon, commanding me to make sale of the following described real estate, to-wit: Those lots of land situate in Couch's Addition to the City of Portland, in Multnomah county, State of Oregon, and described on the maps or plats as lots numbered two (2) and three (3) in block [illegible] and having levied upon [illegible] I shall sell the above described real estate at public auction to the highest bidder for cash in hand at the COURT HOUSE DOOR, in said county, on SATURDAY, THE SEVENTH DAY OF SEPTEMBER, A. D. 1863, at 10 o'clock A. M. of said day, for the purpose of satisfying the decree of foreclosure and sale entered in said cause on the 13th day of August, 1863, in favor of said plaintiffs and against Andrew Gray, Harriet E. Williams, and Thomas H. Smith, defendants, for the sum of [illegible] dollars, with interest thereon at the rate of ten per cent per annum from the 13th day of August, 1863, and for the further sum of [illegible] dollars, costs and disbursements and accruing costs. One-third of said purchase money to be paid in hand at the time of sale, one-third in one year thereafter, and one-third in two years thereafter, with interest on deferred payments at the rate of ten per cent per annum from date of sale, and costs. Sale to take place at the hour of 10 o'clock A. M.

R. J. L. PEARNE, Sheriff.

August 20, 1863. td Multnomah county.

Assessor's Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that I will attend at my office in the County Clerk of Multnomah county, Oregon, on Monday, the 4th day of August, 1863, and every subsequent day of the County Clerk will purposely examine the Assessment Rolls, and correct all errors in Names, descriptions or quantities of lands, lots, or other property. All persons interested are notified to attend.

JOHN S. NEWELL, County Assessor.

August 15, 1863. aug17

PETER McQUADE,

UNDERTAKER,

No. 141 First street, between Taylor and Yamhill,

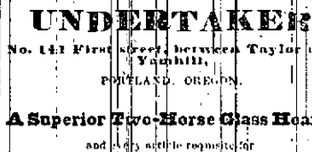
PORTLAND, OREGON.

A Superior Two-Horse Glass Hearse

and every article requisite for

FUNERALS,

Jun20 furnished on REASONABLE TERMS. ym



JOHN R. SIMS,

MANUFACTURER OF

Fire-Proof Doors and Shutters,

BANK VAULTS,

Gratings, Cemetery Railing, Balconies, &c

OREGON STREET,

Between Front and Davis, Washington and Jackson, San Francisco, Cal.

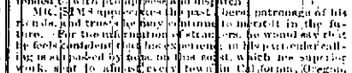
ALL ORDERS from the interior, Oregon and Washington Territory, or any part of the Pacific coast, attended to with promptness and despatch. jan1 dtf

MR. SIMS respectfully solicits a liberal patronage of his friends, and trusts by strict attention to merit in the future, for the information of strangers, he would say that he feels confident that his establishment is the only one on the Coast where a perfect fire and burglar proof safe can be procured, which is now supplied by many of the principal business houses in this city, and which has been awarded the highest premium at the State Fairs of California, Oregon, Washington Territory, Victoria, and the Sandwich Islands, and to be seen on some of the best buildings in San Francisco, which is fully attested.

Also—A very large lot of second hand Shutters, of various dimensions, for sale at very low rates.

N. B—Mr. E. M. BURTON of Portland, will make contracts for Iron Work in my name. publ1m

Paris and New York Fashions!



Millinery

DRY-GOODS,

FANCY GOODS,

AND NOTIONS,

at Wholesale and Retail, by

MRS. E. VAN FRIDAGH,

First street, between Morrison and Alder,

PORTLAND.

MRS. VAN FRIDAGH being thankful for past favors, would respectfully call the attention of the Ladies and Dealers to her well-selected stock of

Millinery Goods

Dry and Fancy Goods,

FOR THE

SPRING AND SUMMER TRADE.

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF OWN MADE BONNETS always on hand.

Superintending the manufactory in her own workshop of everything in her line, she feels confident of being able to give entire satisfaction to those patronizing her.

Orders from the country promptly attended to.

CLOAKS MADE TO ORDER
Bonnets Bleached, altered and trimmed. oct1

OREGON STEAM NAV. CO'S NOTICE.

THE STEAMER

F. E. SPRAY

Will leave Wallula for PRIEST RAPIDS on MONDAY, 10th August, 1863.

For Freight or Passage apply to Agent at Wallula, or Office at Portland.

J. C. AINSWORTH, Pres't.
July 27, 1863.

Notice.

ON AND AFTER THE 1st DAY OF SEPTEMBER 1863, and until further notice, the price charged by the Portland Gas Light Co. will be $7 50 per thousand cubic feet.

H. D. GREEN, Superintendent.

Dissolution of Copartnership.

THE FIRM OF WEEKS, CHAMBERLAIN & CO is this day dissolved by mutual consent. R. WEEKS,
S. M. GILMORE.
August 10th, 1863. W. C. WARINNER

The business of the firm will be settled by R. Weeks and S. M. Gilmore, under the name and style of WEEKS & GILMORE, at their present stand, who will receive the debts of the old firm and collect all accounts due the same. We respectfully solicit a continuance of the patronage heretofore bestowed upon the old firm, and pledge ourselves to keep a good supply of [illegible] and to sell on as reasonable terms as the same quality of goods can be purchased in this city.

R. WEEKS,
S. M. GILMORE.
Portland, August 10th, 1863. aug10

EUREKA EXCHANGE,

(Formerly the Union Saloon,)

JOSEPH WERRETT, Proprietor.

No. 12 Washington street,

PORTLAND, OREGON.

THE BEST BRANDS OF WINES, LIQUORS, ALES, and Cigars constantly on hand at the above EXCHANGE.

Portland, May 6th, 1863. dtf

PORTLAND BOILER WORKS,

MOYNIHAN & AITKEN, Proprietors.

MISSION STREET,

Between Beale and Fremont streets,

SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

All kinds of BOILER AND SHEET IRON WORK, executed at the shortest notice, and on the most reasonable terms.

All orders promptly attended to.

T. J. MOYNIHAN, JAMES AITKEN.

Ale! Ale!

FROM W. H. LYON & CO., San Francisco, for sale by aug24dtf RICHARDS & McCRAKEN.

HELMBOLD'S

Genuine Preparation.

"HIGHLY CONCENTRATED"

Compound Fluid

EXTRACT BUCHU,

A POSITIVE AND SPECIFIC REMEDY

FOR DISEASES OF THE

BLADDER, KIDNEYS, GRAVEL

AND

DROPSICAL SWELLINGS.

This Medicine improves the power of DIGESTION and excites the absorbent system into healthy action, by which the CAUSE OF COMPLAINTS, OBSTRUCTIONS, and all UNNATURAL ENLARGEMENTS of the GLANDS are reduced, as well as PAIN and INFLAMMATION, and is good for

MEN, WOMEN AND CHILDREN.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU

For Weakness arising from Excesses, Habits of Dissipation, Early Indiscretion, or Abuse,

ATTENDED WITH THE FOLLOWING SYMPTOMS:

Indisposition to Exertion, Loss of Power, Loss of Memory, Difficulty of Breathing, Weak Nerves, Trembling, Horror of Death, Wakefulness, Dimness of Vision, Pain in the Back, Universal Lassitude of the Muscular System, Hot Hands, Eruptions on the Face, Pallid Countenance, Eruptions of the Skin, Nervousness, Unfitness to Perform the Duties of Marriage, Etc., Etc.

These symptoms, if allowed to go on, which this medicine invariably removes, soon follow

Impotency, Futility, Epileptic Fits,

IN FACT ALL OTHER DISEASES, IN WHICH THE PATIENT MAY EXPIRE.

[illegible] that they are not frequently followed by those horrible diseases,

"INSANITY, AND CONSUMPTION."

Many are aware of the cause of their suffering, but DO NOT KNOW TO CURE.

THE RECORDS OF THE INSANE ASYLUMS,

And the melancholy deaths by Consumption bear ample witness to the truth of the assertion that

THE CONSTITUTION

once affected by Organic Weakness,

Requires the Aid of Medicine;

to strengthen and invigorate the system, which

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU

Invigorates it does.

A Trial will Convince the most Skeptical.

FEMALES! FEMALES!! FEMALES!!!

OLD OR YOUNG,

Single, Married or contemplating Marriage

IN MANY AFFECTIONS PECULIAR TO FEMALES, the Extract Buchu is unequalled by any other remedy as it acts directly upon those parts of the System, giving them health and vigor. For Retention, or Suppression of Customary Evacuations, Ulceration of the Uterus, Leucorrhœa or Whites, Sterility, and for all Complaints incidental to the Sex, whether arising from Indiscretion, Habits of Dissipation or in the

DECLINE OR CHANGE OF LIFE!

(See Symptoms above.)

No Family should be without it.

TAKE NO MORE BALSAM, MERCURY, OR UNPLEASANT MEDICINE FOR UNPLEASANT AND DANGEROUS DISEASES.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU,

AND

HELMBOLD'S IMPROVED ROSE WASH

CURES SECRET DISEASES,

In all their Stages, At Little Expense, Little or no Change in Diet, No inconvenience, AND NO EXPOSURE.

It causes a frequent desire and gives strength to Urinate, thereby Removing Obstructions, preventing and curing Strictures, Allaying Pain and Inflammation, so frequent in all Diseases of this Organ, and expelling all Poisonous Humors, and Worm-like Matter.

THOUSANDS UPON THOUSANDS

Who have been the victims of Quacks

and who have paid heavy fees to be cured in a short time, have found they were deceived, and that the "POISON" has, by the use of Powerful Astringents, been driven up to the vitals, to break out in a more aggravated form, and perhaps after marriage.

Use Helmbold's Extract Buchu

For all Affections and Diseases of the URINARY ORGANS, whether existing in MALE OR FEMALE, from whatever cause originating, and

NO MATTER OF HOW LONG STANDING.

Diseases of these Organs require the aid of a Diuretic.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU

IS THE GREAT DIURETIC

and it is certain to have the desired effect in Diseases for which it is recommended.

Evidence

Of the most Responsible and reliable character will accompany Every Bottle.

Certificates of Cures

Can be had of every Druggist in the country, with names known to science and fame.

"PHYSICIANS," PLEASE "NOTICE."

[illegible] "Prescriptions." HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU, [illegible] Cubebs, Copaiba, Saltpetre, [illegible] Sarsaparilla, Iodide of Potash, Colchicum, Copper [illegible] Mercury, [illegible] Sugar Coating, &c., &c., but are [illegible] HELMBOLD, Practical and Analytical Chemist, [illegible] Manufacturer

Helmbold's Genuine Preparations.

Each [illegible]

AFFIDAVIT

Personally appeared before me, an Alderman of the city of Philadelphia, H. T. Helmbold, who being duly sworn according to law, doth depose and say that he is the sole proprietor of the Medicines called HELMBOLD'S GENUINE PREPARATIONS, Extract Buchu, Improved Rose Wash, Sarsaparilla, Concentrated Extract Sarsaparilla, and Rose Wash, and that the same are not a Secret Nostrum, but are prepared from the Recipes in the Dispensatory of the United States, and that the Certificates published of the cures performed by them are genuine, and the Ingredients entering into their composition are published to the World.

H. T. HELMBOLD.

Sworn and subscribed before me this 5th day of March, 1864.

WM. F. HUBBARD,
Alderman, North Second street, Philadelphia.

Beware of Counterfeits, and Unprincipled Dealers.

We caution the public against those "cheap" articles of the name, manufactured by

HELMBOLD'S GENUINE PREPARATIONS

Helmbold's Extract Buchu,
Helmbold's Improved Rose Wash,
Helmbold's Sarsaparilla,
Helmbold's Extract Sarsaparilla,
Helmbold's Rose Wash.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

——Take no Other.——

HOSTETTER, SMITH & BEAN,
Wholesale Agents for the Coast, San Francisco.

SOLD BY

SMITH & DAVIS,

PORTLAND.

NOT ALCOHOLIC

A HIGHLY CONCENTRATED

VEGETABLE EXTRACT

A PURE TONIC,

DR. HOOFLAND'S

GERMAN BITTERS

PREPARED BY

DR. C. M. JACKSON,

PHILADELPHIA, PENN.

WILL EFFECTUALLY CURE

LIVER COMPLAINT,

DYSPEPSIA,

JAUNDICE,

Chronic or Nervous Debility,

Diseases of the Kidneys, and all diseases arising from a disordered Liver or Stomach.

such as Constipation, Inward Piles, Fullness of Blood to the Head, Acidity of the Stomach, Nausea, Heartburn, Disgust for Food, Fulness or Weight in the Stomach, Sour Eructations, Sinking or Fluttering at the Pit of the Stomach, Swimming of the Head, Hurried and Difficult Breathing, Fluttering at the Heart, Choking or Suffocating Sensations when in a lying posture, Dimness of Vision, Dots or Webs before the sight, Fever and Dull Pain in the Head, Deficiency of Perspiration, Yellowness of the Skin and Eyes, Pain in the Side, Back, Chest, Limbs, &c., Sudden Flushes of Heat, Burning in the Flesh, Constant Imaginings of Evil, and great Depression of Spirits.

And will positively prevent **Yellow Fever, Fever, &c.**

THEY CONTAIN

NO ALCOHOL OR BAD WHISKEY.

They will cure the above diseases in ninety-nine cases of a hundred.

INDUCED by the extensive sale and universal use of Hoofland's German Bitters (purely vegetable) many of ignorant Quacks and unprincipled advertisers have opened upon suffering humanity the flood-gates of their rums in the shape of poor Whiskey, which comes with its poisonous drugs and cleansed Tonic, Appetizer and Bitters.

Beware of the innumerable array of Alcoholic preparations in plethoric bottles and big bulked kegs, with the most specious appellation of Bitters, which instead of curing aggravate disease, and leave the disappointed in despair.

Hoofland's German Bitters

Are not a new and untried article, but have stood the test of fifteen years' trial by the American public, and by reputation and sale are not rivalled by any similar preparation.

The proprietors have thousands of letters from the most eminent

CLERGYMEN,
LAWYERS,
PHYSICIANS
AND
CITIZENS

Testifying of their own personal knowledge, to the beneficial effects and medicinal virtues of these Bitters.

Do you want something to strengthen you?
Do you want a good appetite?
Do you want to build up your constitution?
Do you want to feel well?
Do you want to get rid of nervousness?
Do you want energy?
Do you want to sleep well?
Do you want a brisk and vigorous feeling?

If so, use HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS.

From Rev. J. Newton Brown, D. D., Editor of the Encyclopedia of Religious Knowledge.

Although not disposed to favor or recommend patent medicines in general, through distrust of their fallacious effects, I feel known circumstances sufficient reasons for making an exception in favor of Hoofland's German Bitters, manufactured by Dr. C. M. Jackson, of this city. For a week or more I was scarcely able to do anything, and if I did force a morsel down, it soon afterwards came up again.

I could not even keep a glass of water on my stomach. Life could not last under these circumstances; and seeing this, the physicians who had been working faithfully, though unsuccessfully, to restore me to health, advised me, through Archer, frankly told me they could do no more, and advised me to see a clergyman, and to arrange the disposition of my limited funds as best suited my circumstances, who visited me at the hospital. Mr. Geo. Stockton, of South Edson Arch Street, procured for me, at my forlorn hope, to try your Bitters, and kindly gave me a bottle. From the time I commenced taking it I began gloomy shadow of death receded and I am now, thank God for it, getting better. Though I have taken but a few bottles, I have gained ten pounds, and I feel confident, by being permitted to report to my wife and daughters, whom I have heard nothing for fifteen months, as well as gentlemen, I am a loyal Virginian, from the shores of the Old Front Royal. To your invaluable Bitters I owe the restoration to my health, and shall ever feel grateful. While I have life which has taken the place of many others, I owe the glorious privilege of escaping to my home, to your Bitters will I owe the glorious privilege of escaping to my home, those who are prevented from using them.

Very truly yours, ISAAC MAULSBY.

We fully concur in the truth of the above statement, and have had the pleasure of seeing our comrade, Mr. Maulsby restored to life.

JOHN CUDDEBACK, 1st New York Regiment.
GEORGE W. ACKLEY, Co. C, 11th Maine.
LEWIS CHEVALIER, 92d New York.
I. E. FURNCER, 1st Artillery, Battery E.
J. B. PASEWELL, Comp. B, 2d Tennessee.
HENRY B. JEROME, Co. B, do.
HENRY T. MACDONALD, do. do.
JOHN E. WARD, Co. C, 5th Maine.
HERMAN KOCH, Co. H, 72d New York.
NATHANIEL B. THOMAS, Co. F, 85th Pa.
ANDREW J. KIMBALL, Co. A, 3d Tennessee.
JOHN JENKINS, Co. B, 105th Penn.

Beware of Counterfeits!

See that the signature of "C. M. JACKSON" is on the Wrapper of each bottle.

☞ For SALE by Druggists and Dealers in every town in the United States.

SMITH & DAVIS,
Portland, Oregon, Sole Agent for the Pacific States.

The Daily Oregonian.

HENRY L. PITTOCK,
Publisher and Proprietor.

THE DAILY MORNING OREGONIAN is published every morning, (Sundays excepted,) and furnished to subscribers residing in Portland at Thirty-seven and one-half Cents per week, payable to the carrier. It will be forwarded to any part of the State by Mail at **$10 per annum** in advance; **$5 for six months; $2 50 for three months,** payable in advance. Single copies, (post-paid,) per week, $1 50; Each additional inch, 50 cents.

THE WEEKLY OREGONIAN, containing a selection of the best articles in the daily, will be published every Saturday morning, and forwarded by mail to any part of the States at **$3 per annum; $2 for six months,** and **$1 for three months,** payable in advance.

OFFICE—97 Front street, over Hodge & Calef's Drug Store.

BUSINESS CARDS.

RICHARDS & McCRAKEN,

FORWARDING AND COMMISSION

MERCHANTS,

AND DEALERS IN

Flour, Pork, Bacon, Lard, Fruit,

SALT, LIME, CEMENT AND PLASTER,

And Agents for the Sale of Oregon Produce in the San Francisco, and Portland markets; also, give particular attention to the sale of Portland manufactures, and to forwarding goods in, from, or to any of the places.

R. H. RICHARDS, 111 Clay street, San Francisco.
JOHN McCRAKEN, Steamship Landing, Front st, Portland.
Portland, July 5, 1862. jly1

HENRY LAW,

Commission Merchant

AND PRODUCE DEALER,

Next door to M. Mansfield's Auction House,

Front street, Portland.

FLOUR, FEED AND PRODUCE OF ALL KINDS constantly on hand and for sale.

A complete assortment of EASTERN and OREGON LUMBER for sale.

Consignments of Produce solicited. jn16dtf

HILL & KANE,

FORWARDING AND COMMISSION

MERCHANTS,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

Every Description of Merchandise,

GRAND RONDE LANDING,

(Six Miles below the Mouth of the Umatilla.)

MESSRS. HILL & KANE call the attention of Merchants and Shippers generally, to their locality, as the only one available,